

The EIA (Environment Impact Assessment) screening classified the action as Category C (no need for further assessment).

Outcome of the CRA (Climate Risk Assessment) screening (relevant for projects and/or specific interventions within a project)

The Climate Risk Assessment (CRA) screening concluded that this action is no or low risk (no need for further assessment).

Gender equality and empowerment of women and girls

As per the OECD Gender DAC codes identified in section 1.1, this action is labelled as G1. This implies that this action contain a gender perspective. Their results are focused on gender equity and equality, women's education opportunities, empowerment and inclusion.

Human Rights

According to the Human Rights and Democracy Country Strategy 2021-2024, the EU, together with MS represented in El Salvador, have agreed on the following strategic priorities: Advocating for non-discrimination, gender equality and women's rights. Non-discrimination and equality are key values to strengthen human rights. One of the objectives of the strategy is to promote the participation of women's organisations and networks in health and education sectors. This action contributes to the strategic priorities of the strategy. Overall, the action will apply the working principles of the human rights based approach (HRBA): applying all human rights for all, meaningful and inclusive participation and access to decision-making, non-discrimination and equality, accountability and rule of law for all, and transparency and access to information supported by disaggregated data.

Disability

As per OECD Disability DAC codes identified in section 1.1, this action is labelled as D0. This implies that Disability is not targeted in the principal objective / significant objective.

Reduction of inequalities

The programs that are supported through this action and that are implemented by MINEDUCYT can support the improvement in education leading to a reduction of income inequality mainly through a greater availability and quality of public education and better opportunities to prepare for technical careers.

Democracy

The strengthening of democratic institutions, participation and the division of powers remain a crosscutting objective of all EU interventions in El Salvador.

During the past three years, increasing concerns have been expressed about democracy in El Salvador: IDEA reported concerning developments on civil liberties, social rights, equality, personal integrity, and security, while the score of Freedom House's Index has decreased from 70/100 in 2018 to 63/100 in 2021, with El Salvador moving from "Free" to "Partly Free". The Economist Intelligence Unit's Democracy Index 2020 downgraded El Salvador from "Flawed Democracy" to "Hybrid Regime" following the concentration of power in the executive.

Conflict sensitivity, peace and resilience In September 2021, HQ launched a Conflict Analysis for El Salvador. Recommendations taken in account from the draft report for this Action are: i) Promoting economic growth through trade and livelihood diversification; ii) Promoting the development of innovative sectors for the youth; iii) Encouraging support towards developing social policies and