

(INFORM, Mid-2022), which identifies the risk of humanitarian crisis globally, including, scores 7.1 out of 10 under the DRR indicator and is categorized 'High' in the Risk Class. Given the extreme vulnerability to climate change of many ethnic groups, disaster risk reduction is a fundamental issue to tackle in school and in communities, with a context-specific understanding and localised solutions.

Other considerations if relevant

N.A

3.4 Risks and Lessons Learnt

Category	Risks	Likelihood (High/ Medium/ Low)	Impact (High/ Medium/ Low)	Mitigating measures
1 – External Environment	The political, conflict, natural disasters, and the security situation in the country do not allow for effective implementation of programmes	H	H	Human rights due diligence and conflict sensitivity protocols will be put in place. Close monitoring will be undertaken. A conflict /risks analysis will be undertaken to ensure a conflict sensitive approach in the detailed design and during the implementation. The delivery of support might require continued crisis declaration and flexible procedures. The activities should be communicated as supporting continuity of learning and childrens' right to education, greater inclusion of minorities and greater gender equality. Special attention will be paid to safety and security of women and girls and and other vulnerable populations when planning and implementing activities, including risks that greater visibility might bring. Additional or emergency protection measures will be considered.
1- External Environment	Women and girls are prevented from participating for a multitude of reasons, including cultural customs, prejudicial gender norms, inadequate legal frameworks and protection mechanisms, poor access to education. The same risk applies to people living with disabilities.	M	M	Organizations and networks of women and persons with disabilities will be among the groups consulted, thus strengthening their meaningful participation in decision-making processes, planning and access to opportunities.
1 – External Environment	Civil society and/or local actors cannot operate freely, either for security or other practical reasons, or do not have sufficient capacity to deliver and monitor.	H	H	EU and its Member States will engage with CSOs in line with the CSO Strategy. Partners will establish rules and protocols for engagement and duty of care of their staff and ensure capacity development.